Charity	number:	296198
---------	---------	--------

TRUSTEES' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

CONTENTS

	Page
Reference and administrative details of the Charity, its Trustees and advisers	1
Trustees' report	2 - 10
Independent auditors' report on the financial statements	11 - 14
Statement of financial activities	15
Balance sheet	16
Notes to the financial statements	17 - 27

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS OF THE CHARITY, ITS TRUSTEES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Trustees Mr J Jordan, Trustee

Mr P Walker, Trustee Mr R Music, Trustee

Prof M Cruickshank, Trustee

Mr P Martin-Hirsch, Executive Officer - President

Miss T Freeman Wang, Executive Officer - President Elect

Miss D Lyons, Executive Officer - Secretary Mr N Myerson, Executive officer - Treasurer

Charity registered

number 296198

Principal office Birmingham Women's Hospital

Edgbaston Birmingham B15 2TG

Independent auditors MHA MacIntyre Hudson

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors Rutland House 148 Edmund Street Birmingham

B3 2FD

Bankers Barclays Bank

54 High Street Worcester WR1 2QQ

Solicitors Bates Wells Braithwaite

10 Queen Street Place

London EC4R 1BE

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The Trustees present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Charity for the 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020.

Objectives and activities

a. Policies and objectives

The objectives of the charity are to promote high standards of colposcopy and facilitate the interchange of information on colposcopy and cervical pathology between the members of the Society and between the Society and those in other countries.

In setting and reviewing the charity's aims and objectives, and in planning future activities and setting grant-making policies, the trustees confirm that they have considered and complied with the guidance issued by the Charity Commission on public benefit. Public benefit is achieved through ensuring high consistent standards of colposcopy across the country.

The BSCCP provides education for professionals who provide care for women with cervical and lower genital tract pre-malignant conditions and those who are suffering from cervical cancer, and publishes information on the BSCCP website for these women. The Society has an interest and involvement in cervical cancer research and collaborates with all the relevant organisations who have an interest and who conduct research into finding a cure or new treatments for cervical cancer. The Society is foremost in the education of people who treat women with cervical cancer and works closely with the authorities, such as the NHS, who write the guidelines for hospitals and primary care units.

The BSCCP continues to be active in promoting research into screening, diagnosis and prevention of cervical cancer. It is committed to an international approach to the disease and continues to remain active in Europe and worldwide, keeping abreast of developments.

b. Volunteers

The society is supported by its members and they contribute in a number of ways to promote education and training in cervical screening /colposcopy on a voluntary basis. Both doctor and nurse Colposcopists help with the regular examinations assessing the competency of trainee Colposcopists, lecture on courses and help organise the annual conferences as part of their commitment to the society.

The trustees and Executive Officers are extremely grateful for the assistance of these members and the vital role they play in the success of the Society.

Achievements and performance

a. Review of activities

Membership

The total active membership of the Society as at 31 December 2020 stands at 2,141 members (2,137 in 2019). This includes 1,454 (1,501 in 2019) accredited colposcopists and 335 (330 in 2019) members who are undergoing the BSCCP Training Programme.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Achievements and performance (continued)

b. Certification and Training Programme

This is a structured training programme, which aims to impart competency in diagnostic, or diagnostic and treatment colposcopy. Successful completion of the programme leads to the award of the RCOG/BSCCP Certificate in Colposcopy. The Diagnostic training programme is a trainer–led, competency based, structured, theoretical and practical programme that concludes with the Colposcopy Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE).

In 2019 a total of 96 BSCCP trainee members sat the BSCCP OSCE. In 2018 there were 76 candidates who sat the exam, however due to the coronavirus pandemic and restrictions of face to face events it was not possible for the scheduled exams to go ahead as planned in the spring and autumn of 2020. The society is hoping to be able to provide an online solution to deliver exams and courses due to take place in 2021.

The Society also usually holds two OSCE Preparation Courses per year for up to 48 attendees however in 2020 it was only possible to deliver a single course for 24 candidates. Again, it is hoped that the BSCCP will be able to offer a virtual platform to deliver these events in 2021.

BSCCP 2019 Annual Scientific Meeting

In 2019 the BSCCP Annual Scientific Meeting was held in Bournemouth and was attended by 250 delegates (595 in Manchester 2018).

The BSCCP usually holds an Annual Scientific Meeting in the UK to disseminate up-to-date information thus giving practicing Colposcopists from the UK, Republic of Ireland and overseas the chance to share knowledge.

Sadly, due to the pandemic the Trustees agreed that the meeting due to be held in May in Edinburgh 2020 would be postponed until April 2021. More recently and after lengthy discussions the Trustees also agreed the meeting will still go ahead as planned in April 2021, but it would only be possible to deliver the conference by way of a fully virtual event with no option for face to face meetings. It is hoped the event will attract around 300 virtual delegates.

BSCCP Awards and Scholarships 2020

Jo's Cervical Cancer Trust - £20,000 grant & £10,000 COVID-19 support (Paid May 2020)

The BSCCP award of £20,000 will support the on-going development of the helpline including training of new and re-training of current volunteers, increased staffing and the development of a Call Back service.

A one-off payment of £10,000 was awarded to Jo's Cervical Cancer Trust so volunteers were available to field calls from women with anxieties of being unable to access screening services during the COVID-19 pandemic and provide guidance on when colposcopy services will resume.

EFC Dues - European Federation for Colposcopy

£5,448 was awarded for 2020 dues.

IFCPC Dues – International Federation for Cervical Pathology & Colposcopy

A payment of 9000 USA Dollars (£7,227.05) (1,800 members @ \$5) was made for the IFCPC 2020 dues.

Oral, Poster and OSCE Prizes 2020

No prizes were awarded in 2020 due to event cancellations.

Travel Bursaries 2020

No prizes were awarded in 2020 due to event cancellations

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Achievements and performance (continued)

International Travel Bursaries

A travel bursary for up to £ 2000 was awarded, in principle, to Dr Ezzet in May 2020 and will be paid at such a time when the trip from Senegal to the UK is permitted.

Jordan Singer Prize

The biennial Jordan/Singer prize was last awarded in May 2019. This award is for members of the Society to conduct research or to acquire additional clinical skills in colposcopy. A grant of up to £25,000 can be awarded to successful applicants. No applications were received in 2020.

Subscription Fee

There was no increase in the subscription fee for 2020.

Document 20 Mobile APP development

The mobile app was developed and launched in 2017 and is regularly downloaded from Android and Apple stores and is a useful resource for healthcare professionals, who care for women who need colposcopy for the evaluation of an abnormal smear. It is designed to facilitate easy access to information about screening and colposcopy programme management, based on Document 20 from the National Health Service Cervical Screening Programme (NHSCSP) in England. It presents information on colposcopy best practice and quality standards using an engaging format. The APP was updated in July 2020 in accordance with the new Document 20 guidelines, released in early 2020.

BSCCP Website and Development of an E-Learning Moodle Platform

In 2020 the Society maintained its online presence both in terms of the current website and the continued growth and development of the BSCCP new online digital learning system.

https://learningzone.bsccp.org.uk/

The Society continues to work alongside Synergy learning to deliver the following 4 work packages.

1) Getting started in Colposcopy 2) Colposcopy Trainers 3) Keeping up to date and 4) A global view of cervical cancer prevention

c. Investment policy and performance

The BSCCP has invested money in the COIF Charities Deposit Fund and money is available at short notice without penalties. This account makes a small return for the Society.

In 2015 the Treasurer consulted with financial advisors to review other investment opportunities including investing surplus funds with investment brokers, but the view was taken that the additional returns generated on the risk profile the society would be willing to take, after charges, were not enough to justify the additional risk associated with the investment.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Financial review

a. Review of finances

The income for the year was £157,477 (2019 £363,480) with the reduction primarily arising from the cancellation of the Edinburgh conference due to Covid-19, and the cancellation of courses due to take place in autumn 2020.

Expenditure in the year was £227,679 (2019 £441,925). The cancellation of the Edinburgh conference and autumn courses has led to a reduction in expenditure for the year. Last year there was also some additional expenditure in respect of legal and professional fees in connection with the proposed transition to a CIO.

The net result for the year was a deficit £70,202 compared to the net deficit in 2019 of £78,445

b. Risk statement and reserves policy

The Trustees have considered the risks associated with the BSCCP and conclude that the key risks are:

- 1) That if any of the future planned conferences does not go ahead, or are the subject of an event beyond the control of the charity; the charity could be left having to fund a substantial loss.
- 2) With the impact of HPV vaccination which began in 2008, there may well be a significant drop in colposcopy activity in the UK, and this may impact on the size of the Society and its revenue.
- 3) The newly formed Birmingham Women's and Children's NHS Foundation Trust creates a risk that the accommodation used by the BSCCP secretariat will no longer be available and alternative premises of sufficient security will need to be found at a considerable cost
- 4) The level of spend on future IT projects is likely to remain higher than has historically been the case, which could mean a depletion of reserves over the longer term if alternative sources of income are not secured. The future potential move to new premises is also likely to result in additional spend on IT infrastructure and maintenance.

The Executive are of the opinion that it is therefore not unreasonable to maintain the equivalent of at least one year's normal expenditure in a reserve fund which equates to c£450,000. The charity currently holds free reserves of £419,540, so falls slightly below the previous target set. This is due to some exceptional recent expenditure on the proposed conversion to a CIO, the cancellation of the conference in 2020 due to covid, and planned increased amounts spent on the website and IT, including the enhancement of learning platforms for the long term benefit of the Society. In the light of this, the Executive does not consider that this represents a significant problem, given the future plans for the Society, and any changes to the reserves policy will be formalised at the next Executive meeting.

In 2020 the Society incurred a deficit of £70,202 (2019: £78,445 deficit).

The total reserves of the charity decreased from £494,522 to £424,320. Cash reserves decreased from £475,714 to £405,302.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Structure, governance and management

a. Constitution

British Society for Colposcopy and Cervical Pathology is a registered charity, number 296198, and is constituted under a Trust deed dated 1 June 1985, as amended. The latest revision to the constitution was approved on 8 July 2019 in readiness for the transition to a CIO.

Up until 8 July 2019 four trustees were recommended by the Executive Committee and ratified at the AGM. Trustees need not be members of the Society but individuals whose qualifications and motivation would be of value to the BSCCP in promoting its goals within the rules of its charitable status. The Executive Officers were appointed on a three year term by a ballot of members from the membership.

The Executive Committee, consisted of the Trustees, Past President, the Executive Officers, Committee Chairs and area representatives. Area representatives are elected for three years by a ballot of members. Area representatives are as follows:

Dr U Krishnamoorthy Dr J Llahi-Camp

Dr M Dunderdale

Dr T L Appleyard

Dr K Ragupathay (appointed 27/5/20)

Dr D Douglas (appointed 27/5/20)

Dr N Das

Dr T Majmudar Dr K Hellner

Dr A Fisher

OTHERS

Mrs E Lynott - Nurse Rep Dr J Byrom - Chair CTC

Dr G Flannelly - Chair IT Learning Zone

Dr M Kyrgiou - Chair - Research Chair

Dr U Krishnamoorthy - IT Chair (appointed 27/5/20)

Mr R Gilson - GU Rep

From 8 July 2019 the constitution provides that the Trustees comprise the Elected Officers (President, President Elect, Secretary and Treasurer) elected from the membership and the Co-opted Trustees who are recommended by the Executive Committee and ratified by the AGM.

The Trustees are supported by the Executive Committee which meets at least twice a year and comprises the following:

- Trustees (Co-Opted and Executive Officers)
- Immediate past president
- 10 regional representatives
- Chair of CTC committee
- Chair of IT and Learning Zone Committee
- Chair of research committee
- A representative for Colposcopy Nurse Practitioners and Colposcopy Clinic Nurses elected by the UK Colposcopy Nurses Group
- A Genito-Urinary Physician elected by the British Association for Sexual Health and HIV or similar organisation.

The last two members do not have any voting rights.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Structure, governance and management (continued)

b. Election and training of Trustees

Trustees shall be individuals whose qualifications and motivation would be of value to the BSCCP in promoting its goals within the rules of its charitable status. Trustees attend regular meetings where they are kept up-dated on the finances and the day to day functioning of the Society.

c. Organisational structure and decision-making policies

The Board of Trustees including the Executive Officers meet once a year and a further two times a year with the area representatives (virtual meetings in 2020 due to Covid-19 travel restrictions).

The IT subcommittee meet twice a year to discuss management and future development of the BSCCP website and makes reports to the Executive Officers with its recommendations (virtual meetings in 2020 due to Covid-19 travel restrictions).

The Certification and Training subcommittee meets twice a year and oversees the management of all education issues including examinations, courses and reaccreditation of Colposcopists and makes recommendations to the main Executive Officers (virtual meetings in 2020 due to Covid-19 travel restrictions).

The day to day management of the charity is carried out by the Society co-ordinators, Sharon Parisi and Elaine Radford who work closely with the Trustees. Tara Mann joined to the Society in October 2020 to provide administration support.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Plans for future periods

Annual Scientific Meetings

As mentioned above, the BSCCP Annual Scientific Meeting due to be held in May in Edinburgh 2020 was delayed until April 2021 as a result of the coronavirus crisis. After lengthy discussions the Trustees agreed the meeting will still go ahead as planned in April 2021, but it will be a fully virtual conference event with no face to face meetings. It is hoped the event will attract around 300 virtual delegates.

The 2-day scientific programme will focus on "HPV-PS – Dawn of a New Era in Cervical Screening" https://bsccpconference.co.uk/programme/ A virtual half day Trainer's Seminar will be offered mainly for BSCCP Trainers and the AGM will also be an online event.

Subsequent Annual Scientific Meetings are due to be held in Belfast in 2022, Birmingham in 2023 and Leeds/Edinburgh in 2024/2025.

Most of the conference lecture presentations will be available to view on the BSCCP website after the meeting subject to speaker consent. A complimentary virtual exhibition booth will be offered to Jo's Cervical Cancer Trust www.jostrust.or.uk

Exams and Courses

Each year the Society usually runs 2 OSCE's (Objective Structured Clinical Examinations) and 2 OSCE Preparation Courses. As mentioned above face to face meetings in 2021 will be subject to restrictions caused by the pandemic. The society is hoping to be able to deliver exams and courses due to take place in 2021 by way of virtual and face to face events if possible.

Website and Information Technology

There will be continued maintenance and updates for the customer relationship management and content management systems of the BSCCP website. The site is accessed by an increasing number of users at an international level and is a great asset to the society. There is also a News section on the website so that BSCCP members can easily access news and information.

A website review was carried out in October 2020 by the BSCCP website providers. The report concluded that the software used in the original build should be updated to future proof the site and the recommended action is to update the website onto a new platform. This would also provide an opportunity to update areas of the site and invest in new features and designs.

The Society also plans to continue the growth and development of the BSCCP Digital learning system given the growth of member's digital expectations.

The 2021 colposcopist reaccreditation round will open in September 2021 and colposcopists already accredited with the BSCCP will be invited to reaccredited to maintain their competence. This process is available online via the website using a PC, mobile or a tablet.

Incorporation

Throughout 2019 the BSCCP Trustees worked alongside Bates Wells Solicitors with the aim being for the BSCCP to become a Charitable Incorporated Organisation (CIO) in 2020. The new BSCCP CIO was registered by the Charity Commission with charity number 1188125 in February 2020. The completion of the process, including the transfer of assets and liabilities to the incorporated organisation, was scheduled for May 2020 however due to the coronavirus crisis the date of transfer is now likely to be after the BSCCP AGM in April 2021.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Plans for future periods (continued)

Collaboration with UK, Europe and International Organisations

The Executive Officers continue to make a major contribution to colposcopy nationally by working closely with the Royal College of Obstetrics & Gynaecology (RCOG) and Public Health England (PHE) Screening Programme. Members of the BSCCP Executive are on committees within both organisations and are involved in the drafting and up-dating of many publications which are distributed to Colposcopy Units throughout the country.

The Society will also continue to work with other organizations overseas, to facilitate the transfer of technical knowledge and to decrease the disease burden from cervical cancer. The BSCCP has several representatives on both the committees of the IFCPC (International Federation for Colposcopy) http://ifcpc.org/ and the EFC (European Federation for Colposcopy) who assist and advise on all aspects of colposcopy overseas https://efcolposcopy.eu/.

Summary

The BSCCP continues to actively promote high standards of colposcopy and research into screening for, diagnosis and prevention of cervical cancer. The BSCCP is committed to an international approach to the disease and maintains a close association with the RCOG, IFCPC, EFC and Public Health England (PHE) Screening Programme. The society continues to oversee colposcopy trainees and registered colposcopists, who are currently practising, to ensure they maintain their competence.

Statement of Trustees' responsibilities

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England & Wales requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Charity and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles of the Charities SORP (FRS 102);
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Charity will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the Trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are Trustees at the time when this Trustees' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that Trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware, and
- that Trustee has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Trustee in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

The auditors, MHA MacIntyre Hudson, have indicated their willingness to continue in office. The designated Trustees will propose a motion reappointing the auditors at a meeting of the Trustees.

Approved by order of the members of the board of Trustees and signed on their behalf by:

Mr N Myerson

Trustee Date:

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BRITISH SOCIETY FOR COLPOSCOPY AND CERVICAL PATHOLOGY

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of British Society for Colposcopy and Cervical Pathology (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Statement of financial activities, the Balance sheet, and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has been withdrawn.

This has been done in order for the accounts to provide a true and fair view in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BRITISH SOCIETY FOR COLPOSCOPY AND CERVICAL PATHOLOGY (CONTINUED)

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate. Our evaluation of the Trustees' assessment of the entity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting included a review of the cash position at 31 December 2020 and a review of the cash flow forecasts for the period ended 31 December 2022.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The Trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, other than the financial statements and our Auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Trustees' report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BRITISH SOCIETY FOR COLPOSCOPY AND CERVICAL PATHOLOGY (CONTINUED)

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Trustees' responsibilities statement, the Trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Enquiry of management and those charged with governance around the actual and potential litigation and claims;
- Performing audit work over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of unusual transactions for appropriateness;
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with the applicable laws and regulations;
- Review of legal and professional analysis for indications of any actual or potential litigation;
- Review of accounting estimates for depreciation and cost allocation for indications of management bias.

Because of inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves internal concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BRITISH SOCIETY FOR COLPOSCOPY AND CERVICAL PATHOLOGY (CONTINUED)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

MHA MacIntyre Hudson

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors Rutland House 148 Edmund Street Birmingham B3 2FD

Date:

MHA MacIntyre Hudson are eligible to act as auditors in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note	Unrestricted funds 2020 £	Total funds 2020 £	Total funds 2019 £
Income from:				
Charitable activities:				
Membership fees		151,047	151,047	152,875
Conference income		-	-	152,256
Course income		4,275	4,275	50,870
Other income		981	981	4,939
Investments		1,174	1,174	2,540
Total income		157,477	157,477	363,480
Expenditure on:				
Charitable activities	5	227,679	227,679	441,925
Total expenditure		227,679	227,679	441,925
Net movement in funds		(70,202) 	(70,202)	(78,445)
Reconciliation of funds:				
Total funds brought forward		494,522	494,522	572,967
Net movement in funds		(70,202)	(70,202)	(78,445)
Total funds carried forward		424,320	424,320	494,522

The Statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

The notes on pages 17 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

Note		2020 £		2019 £
9		4,780		17,762
	-	4,780	_	17,762
10	44,670		29,305	
	405,302		475,714	
_	449,972	-	505,019	
11	(30,432)		(28,259)	
_		419,540		476,760
	- -	424,320	_	494,522
	9	9 10 44,670 405,302 449,972	Note £ 9	Note £ 9

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Trustees and signed on their behalf by:

Mr N Myerson

Date:

The notes on pages 17 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1. General information

British Society for Colposcopy and Cervical Pathology is a charity registered and domiciled in England and Wales with the Charity Commission.

The Charity's principal address is Birmingham's Women's Hospital, Edgbaston, Birmingham, B15 2TG.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) - Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared to give a 'true and fair' view and have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a 'true and fair' view. This departure has involved following the Charities SORP (FRS 102) published in October 2019 rather than the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice effective from 1 April 2005 which has since been withdrawn.

British Society for Colposcopy and Cervical Pathology meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

The financial statements have been prepared in the charity's functional currency of GBP and rounded to the nearest £.

2.2 Going concern

The financial statements are prepared on the assumption that the charity can continue to operate as a going concern for at least twelve months from the date of approval. The trustees have considered the fact that they anticipate the charity will convert to a CIO within the next twelve months and have also considered the impact of the COVID19 on the finances of the charity and concluded that it is still appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Income

All income is recognised once the Charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

Income and expenditure in respect of courses and conferences, organised under the name of the Society, are recognised in the year in which the event takes place. Where the event is organised by a third party but the Society retains control of the income and expenditure and act as principal contractor then income and expenditure is recorded gross. Where the third party organiser contracts with suppliers and delegates and acts as principal, paying over the surplus to the Society under a contract agreement, the conference surplus attributable to the Society is recorded as income.

Grants are included in the Statement of financial activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the Balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of entitlement of receipt, its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

Membership fees are included in the financial statements on a receivable basis relating to the year membership applies.

Other income is recognised in the period in which it is receivable and to the extent the goods have been provided or on completion of the service.

The Trustees do not attribute a monetary value to the immense voluntary contribution made to the Society by individual members, committee members and others in ensuring the smooth operation of the Scoiety and supporting the furtherance of its objectives. They are, however, extremely grateful for this assistance and recognise the vital role these contributors play in the success of the society.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Expenditure on charitable activities is incurred on directly undertaking the activities which further the Charity's objectives, as well as any associated support costs.

Grants payable are charged in the year when the offer is made except in those cases where the offer is conditional, such grants being recognised as expenditure when the conditions attaching are fulfilled. Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end are noted as a commitment, but not accrued as expenditure.

All expenditure is inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

2.5 Interest receivable

Interest on funds held on deposit is included when receivable and the amount can be measured reliably by the Charity; this is normally upon notification of the interest paid or payable by the institution with whom the funds are deposited.

2.6 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the reporting date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of financial activities.

2.7 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are initally recognised at costs. After recognition, under the cost model, tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. All costs incurred to bring a tangible fixed asset into its intended working condition should be included in the measurement of cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of tangible fixed assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, .

Depreciation is provided on the following bases:

Office furniture and equipment - 15-33% straight line
Website - 33% straight line
IT development (Learningzone) - 33% straight line

Where the charity website is expected to generate future economic benefits in excess of the costs of developing that website, expenditure on the functionality of the website is capitalised and treated as a tangible fixed asset. Expenditure incurred on maintaining the website and expenditure incurred on developing the website used only for advertising and promotional purposes are written off as incurred.

IT development costs are capitalised where the benefit to the users in furtherance of the charity's objectives accrues over time.

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

2.8 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid.

2.9 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short-term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

2.10 Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the Charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

2.11 Financial instruments

The Charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Pensions

The charity contributes to personal pension schemes of certain employess. Contributions are charged to the statement of financial activities in the year they become payable.

2.13 Fund accounting

General funds are unrestricted funds which are available for use at the discretion of the Trustees in furtherance of the general objectives of the Charity and which have not been designated for other purposes.

3. Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgment

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions:

The Charity makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Fixed assets: An assessment is made of the useful lives of assets based on historical information, including estimated replacement cycles.

Allocation of support costs: The allocation of support costs between the activities of the charity is based on a management estimate of the amount of staff devoted to each activity.

4. Analysis of grants

	Grants to	Grants to	Total
	Institutions	Individuals	funds
	2020	2020	2020
	£	£	£
Grants, Education	30,000		30,000
	Grants to	Grants to	Total
	Institutions	Individuals	funds
	2019	2019	2019
	£	£	£
Grants, Education	20,000	25,050	45,050

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

4. Analysis of grants (continued)

The Charity has made the following material grants to institutions during the year:

	2020 £	2019 £
Name of institution		
Jo's Cervical Cancer Trust	30,000	20,000

5. Analysis of expenditure by activities

	Activities undertaken directly 2020 £	Grant funding of activities 2020 £	Support costs 2020 £	Total funds 2020 £
Conferences	4,823	-	15,010	19,833
Education	3,167	30,000	174,679	207,846
	7,990	30,000	189,689	227,679
	Activities undertaken directly 2019 £	Grant funding of activities 2019 £	Support costs 2019 £	Total funds 2019 £
Conferences	152,907	-	17,039	169,946
Education	18,600	45,050	208,329	271,979
	171,507	45,050	225,368	441,925

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

5. Analysis of expenditure by activities (continued)

Analysis of direct costs

	Conference 2020 £	Education 2020 £	Total funds 2020 £
Printing and publicity	3,717	-	3,717
Speakers expenses & accomodation	254	-	254
Other conference expenses	672	-	672
Administration expenses	180	-	180
Education courses expenditure	-	3,167	3,167
	4,823	3,167	7,990
	Conferences 2019 £	Education 2019 £	Total funds 2019 £
Venue Hire	34,890	-	34,890
Catering and social programme	37,191	-	37,191
Organisers commission	15,810	-	15,810
Printing and publicity	31,459	-	31,459
Speakers expenses & accomodation	11,320	-	11,320
Other conference expenses	18,467	-	18,467
Administration expenses	3,020	-	3,020
Education courses expenditure	-	18,600	18,600
Bursaries and prizes	750	-	750
	152,907		171,507

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

5. Analysis of expenditure by activities (continued)

Analysis of support costs

	Conference 2020 £	Education 2020 £	Total funds 2020 £
Staff costs	10,895	98,051	108,946
Depreciation	1,410	12,693	14,103
Bank charges & interest	-	4,519	4,519
Website, IT and promotional costs	-	14,863	14,863
Learningzone support and hosting costs	-	4,199	4,199
IFCPC dues	-	7,368	7,368
EFC dues	-	5,448	5,448
Insurance	-	3,184	3,184
Office costs	918	8,266	9,184
Legal and professional fees	473	4,262	4,735
Governance costs	1,314	11,825	13,139
	15,010	174,678	189,688
	Conferences 2019 £	Education 2019 £	Total funds 2019 £
Staff costs	12,007	108,065	120,072
Depreciation	-	13,858	13,858
Bank charges & interest	-	2,174	2,174
Website, IT and promotional costs	_	16,723	16,723
Learningzone support and hosting costs	-	10,439	10,439
IFCPC dues	-	3,613	3,613
EFC dues	-	5,355	5,355
Insurance	313	2,817	3,130
Office costs	797	7,175	7,972
Legal and professional fees	1,686	15,174	16,860
Recruitment costs	-	2,807	2,807
Governance costs	2,236	20,129	22,365
	17,039	208,329	225,368

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

6.	Auditors' remuneration		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Fees payable to the Charity's auditor for the audit of the Charity's annual accounts	9,500	9,500

7. Staff costs

	2020 £	2019 £
Wages and salaries	98,891	107,885
Social security costs	6,127	7,612
Contribution to defined contribution pension schemes	3,928	4,575
	108,946	120,072

The average number of persons employed by the Charity during the year was as follows:

	2020 No.	2019 No.
Administration and support of the charity	3	3

No employee received remuneration amounting to more than £60,000 in either year.

The key management personnel comprise the trustees and the executive officers who are not remunerated.

8. Trustees' remuneration and expenses

During the year, no Trustees received any remuneration or other benefits (2019 - £NIL).

During the year ended 31 December 2020, expenses totalling £406 were reimbursed or paid directly to 2 Trustees (2019 - £2,063 to 5 Trustees). These expenses were for travel, subsistence and accomodation.

Travel, subsistence and accomodation expenses reimbursed to executive officers amounted to £nil (2019: £760).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

9. Tangible fixed assets

	Office furniture and computer equipment £	Website £	IT devel- opment (learning zone) £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2020	3,732	18,900	19,349	41,981
Additions	1,121	-	-	1,121
At 31 December 2020	4,853	18,900	19,349	43,102
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2020	1,869	9,450	12,900	24,219
Charge for the year	1,481	6,237	6,385	14,103
At 31 December 2020	3,350	15,687	19,285	38,322
Net book value				
At 31 December 2020	1,503	3,213	64	4,780
At 31 December 2019	1,863	9,450	6,449	17,762

10. Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year		
Other debtors	35,935	20,694
Prepayments and accrued income	8,735	8,611
	44,670	29,305

Other debtors includes deposits held by the conference organisers of £35,935 (2019 - £20,694) to be used in future conferences.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

11. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Accruals and deferred income	30,432	20,259
Grants payable		8,000
	30,432	28,259

Included in accruals and deferred income is deferred income of £15,266 (2019 £5,406) which relates to course fees paid in advance of courses taking place in the following year.

12. Pension commitments

The Charity operates a defined pension scheme for all employees. The assets of the schemes are held seperately from those of the charity in an independently administered fund. The pension charge represents contributions payable by the charity to the fund and amounted to £3,928 (2019: £4,575). Included in creditors at the year end are contributions payable of £143 (2019: £225).

13. Related party transactions

The charity has formal procedures in place for the declaration of interests and any conflicted trustee does not participate in consideration of matters and/or decision making where they are conflicted

During the year, the Society awarded £30,000 (2019: £20.000) to Jo's Cervical Cancer Trust, an organisation in which R Music, trustee, was chief executive of, at the time of the transaction.

During the year, payments of £700 (2019: £1,500) were made for film production services to Alchemy Street, a company in which the husband of one of the executive officers has a controlling interest.

The Society also received £nil (2019: £5,000) for conference sponsorship from Zilico, a company in which J Tidy, executive officer, has a financial interest.